

Please check that this question paper contains 9 questions and 2 printed pages within first ten minutes.

[Total No. of Questions: 09]

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Uni. Roll No. ....

Program: B.Tech. (Batch 2018 onward)

Semester: 5<sup>th</sup>

Name of Subject: Formal Language and Automata Theory

Subject Code: PCCS-110

Paper ID: 16430

**Scientific calculator is not allowed.****Time Allowed: 03 Hours****Max. Marks: 60****NOTE:**

- 1) Parts A and B are compulsory
- 2) Part-C has Two Questions Q8 and Q9. Both are compulsory, but with internal choice
- 3) Any missing data may be assumed appropriately

**Part – A****[Marks: 02 each]****Q1.**

- a) Illustrate the acceptability of a string by a Finite Automata? Give an example for the same.
- b) Compare Mealy Machines with Moore Machines.
- c) Define Post Correspondence Problem.
- d) How Turing machine is important in finding computation of different problems?
- e) Determine the language generated by grammar having productions  $S \rightarrow aS/aA/a$ ,  
 $A \rightarrow aAb/ab$
- f) Prove that for any transition function  $\delta$  and two input strings  $x$  and  $y$ ,  
 $\delta(q, xy) = \delta(\delta(q, x), y)$ .

**Part – B****[Marks: 04 each]**

**Q2.** Explain the Chomsky classification of formal languages by taking suitable example for each classification.

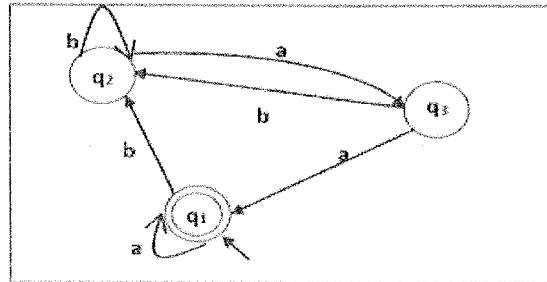
**Q3.** State and prove pumping lemma for regular sets.

**Q4.** Demonstrate the model of Linear Bounded Automata in detail.

**Q5.** Construct a Deterministic Finite Automata  $A$  accepting set of all the words over  $\{a,b\}$ , containing either two consecutive  $a$ 's or two  $b$ 's.

Q6. Discuss various variants of Turing Machine in detail.

Q7. Derive the regular expression for the following Transition Diagram.



Part – C

[Marks: 12 each]

Q8. How will you differentiate deterministic and non-deterministic finite automata? Construct the deterministic automaton equivalent to  $M = (\{q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3, q_4\}, \{0,1,2\}, \delta, q_0, \{q_3\})$  where  $\delta$  is:

State	Input		
	0	1	2
$\rightarrow q_0$	$q_1, q_2$	$q_4$	$q_2, q_3$
$q_1$	---	$q_4$	---
$q_2$	---	---	$q_2, q_3$
$q_3$	---	$q_4$	---
$q_4$	---	---	---

OR

What you do mean by simplification of context free grammar? How a grammar can be simplified? Find the reduced grammar equivalent to the given grammar G, whose productions are given below:

$$S \rightarrow bA|aB, \quad A \rightarrow bAA|aS|a|C, \quad B \rightarrow aBB|bs|b, \quad D \rightarrow c$$

Q9. Design a pushdown automata for language  $\{a^n b^n \mid n > 0\}$  using final state. Draw its state transition diagram. Also construct a PDA such that  $N(B) = T(A)$ . Test whether  $a^3 b^3$  is in  $T(A)$ .

OR

Distinguish between PDA and TM. Discover a Turing Machine to recognize all strings having an odd number of 1's over  $\{0, 1\}$ . Give the Trace or Instantaneous description for  $w = 0011010$

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